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NEW DELHI, THURSDAY, DECEMBER 1, 1949

GOVERNMENT OF INDIA

MINISTRY OF COMMERCE

RESOLUTION

Tables

New Delhi, the 1st December, 1949

No. 12(5) T.B./49.—In resolution No. 218-T(18)/47, dated April 12, 1948, issued in the Ministry of Commerce, the Government of India granted protection to the Starch Industry for a period of two years terminating March 81, 1950. The Tariff Board have conducted a fresh enquiry into the conditions of the starch industry under the provisions for automatic review of protected industries under Resolution No. 13-T(1)/48 of the Government of India, Ministry of Commerce, dated the 6th August, 1948 and as a result of the representations made by the Anil Starch Products, Ltd., Ahmedabad. The Board have submitted a report embodying in the main the following recommendations:—

- (1) That protection should be extended for a further period of two years ending Merch 31, 1952.
- (2) That the protective duty on starch should be raised from 18 to 20 per cent; that the duty on farina should be raised from 18 to 20 per cent, its character being changed from revenue to protective; and that the duty on sago flour which is at present free, should be protective at the rate of 20 per cent; and
- (8) That if the price of maize varies considerably from Rs. 10 per maund, the position should be reviewed to revise the quantum of protection.
- 2. The Government of India accept these recommendations and steps will be taken to implement them.

ODRER

ORDERED that a copy of this Resolution be communicated to all Provincial Governments, all Chief Commissioners, all the Ministries of the Government

of India, Prime Minister's Secretariat, Cabinet Secretariat, the Private and Military Secretaries to His Excellency the Governor-General, the Central Board of Revenue, the Auditor General, the Director General of Employment and Resettlement, the Director General, Industry and Supply, the Ambassadors of India at Washington, Moscow, Paris, Nanking, Cairo, Tehran, Kathmandu, Kabul, Ankara, The Hague, Prague, Buenos Aires, and Rangoon, the High Commissioners for India in London, Canberra, Ottawa, Colombo, and Karachi, Charge d'Affairs of India in Brussels, Rome, Tokyo and Rio De Janerio, Envoys Extraordinary and Ministers Plenipotentiary of India in Berne, Bangkok and Stockholm, the Representatives of the Government of India in New York and Singapore, Consuls General of India in Pondicherry, Nova Goa, Shanghai, Saigon, New York, Batavia, Kashgar and San Francisco, Minister of India in Lisbon, Consuls of India in Jogjakarta and Jedda, Economic Adviser to the Indian Military Mission, Berlin, Deputy High Commissioners for India in Lahore and Dacca, the Commissioners for the Government of India in Trinidad, Najrobi, Port Louis and Fiji, Vice Consuls of India in Medan, Zahidan, Jalalabad and Kandahar, Secretary to the High Commissioner for India in South Africa—Cape Town, Agents of the Government of India in Kandy and Kuala Lumpur, Political Officer in Sikkim, Indian Government Trade Commissioners in London, Toronto, Sydney, Mombasa, Alexandria, Colombo, Karachi and Singapore, Commercial Secretaries to the Indian Embassies at Tehran, Paris, Rangoon, Rome, Berne, Kabul, Baghdad, Bangkok, and Rio De Janerio, Commercial Counsellor to the Indian Liason Mission, Tokyo, Assistant, Indian Government Trade Commissioner, Dacca, Commercial Attaché to the Indian Embassy, Prague, Commercial Second Secretaries to the Embassies of India at Buenos Aires and Brussels, His Majesty's Senior Trade Commissioner in United States Embassy, New Delhi, American Consulate General, Bombay, United Kingdom, Trade Commissioner in India at Bombay and Calcutta, Commercial Secretary to the High Commissioner for Canada in India, at Bombay, Senior Australian Government Trade Commissioner in India at Bombay, Australian Trade Commissioner at Calcutta, New Zealand Government Trade Commissioner in India at Bombay, Trade Commissioner for Cevlon in India at Bombay, Commercial Attache to the of France, C/o Embassy of France in India, New Delhi, Swiss Trade Commissioner for British India, Burma and Ceylon at Bombay Trade Commissioner for Iran at Bombay, Netherland East Indies and Holland Trade Commissioner at Bombay, Trade Agent of the U.S.S.R. in India at Calcutta, Czechoslovakia Trade Commissioner for India at Bombay, Commercial Representative of the Turkish Government in India at New Delhi, Danish Government Trade Commissioner in India at Bombay, Commercial Attache to the Government of Egypt in India at Delhi, Commercial Secretary to the Italian Embassy in India at New Delhi, the Chief Secretary to the Governments of Saurashtra Union, Rajkot, the United State of Vindhya Pradesh, Rewa, the United State of Rajasthan, Jaipur, Madhya Bharat, Gwalior, Patiala and East Punjab States Union, Patiala, Mysorc, Bangalore, United States of Travancore and Cochin, Trivandrum, Hyderabad Puncipal Secretary to the Government of Jammu Kashmir. Librarian India Library, Calcutta. Indian of Agricultural Research, Indian Standards Institution, Delhi, Editor, Journal of Scientific and Industrial Research, P-Block, New Delhi, Indian Council of Agricultural Research, Free India Service, Tamrind House, Tamrind Lane, Bombay, Secretary to the Indian Council of World Affairs, New Delhi, Provincial Motor Transport Controller, State Transport Central Office, Bombay 18, the Section of Economics of the Indian Institute of Science, Bangalore, Representative in the Far East, Batawala Chambers, Bombay, the Economic Adviser to the Government of India, Economic Adviser to the Rajasthan Union, the Director General of Commercial Intelligence and Statistics, Calcutta, the Secretary, Indian Tariff Board, Bombay, the Secretary, Industrial Finance

Corporation of India, New Delhi, and all recognised Chambers of Commerce and Trade Associations.

ORDERED that a copy be communicated to the Government of Burma.

Ordered also that it be published in the Gazette of India.

NOTIFICATIONS

New Delhi, the 1st December 1949

No. 12(5)T.B./49.—In exercise of the powers conferred by section 4(1) of the Indian Tariff Act, 1934 (XXXII) of 1984), the Central Government is pleased to raise the duty leviable on starch under item 11(4) of the First Schedule to the said Act from 18 per cent. ad valorem to 20 per cent. ad valorem.

No.12(5)T.B./49.—In exercise of the powers conferred by sub-section (i) of section 2 of the Protective Duties Act, 1946 (XVII of 1946), the Central Government is pleased to impose the following duties of customs on (a) sago flour and (b) farina, namely:—

- (a) Sago flour ... 20 per cent. ad valorem.
- (b) Farina ... 2 per cent. ad valorem in addition to the duty of
 18 per cent. ad valorem leviable under item
 11(5) of the First Schedule to the Indian Tariff
 Act, 1984.

C. C. DESAI, Secy.

